LABIAPLASTY SURGERY AFTERCARE INSTRUCTIONS

- If you received anesthesia during the procedure, you will be sleepy for the rest of the day and maybe tomorrow. DO NOT drive, operate any machinery, or do anything requiring coordination for the rest of the day. Do not sign any legal documents or make any important decisions in the next 24 hours. If you are a smoker, please do not smoke for 2-3wks. It will interfere with wound healing. After anesthesia, you should breathe deeply each waking hour in order to keep the lungs clear.
- On the day of your surgery and during that night, you should have a responsible adult to be with you for your safety. You may need assistance to go to the bathroom.
- Use medications as instructed. Patients may find Tylenol to be adequate to control postoperative discomfort if they prefer not to take any narcotic medications. DO NOT take aspirin products or NSAIDs (e.g. Ibuprofen, Advil, Aleve, Motrin, Naproxen, Excedrin). If any of these are prescribed to you by another physician, please advise our office.

DIET

• For the first 24 hours after surgery we recommend a light diet. We do not recommend *any* alcoholic beverages for 24 hours after your procedure. After that, we do not recommend combining your postoperative pain medication with alcoholic beverages. After the first 24 hours you may advance to a regular diet as you can tolerate.

THINGS TO HAVE

- Prescription Pain Medication
- Prescription Nausea Medication
- Stool Softener

YOUR DRESSING

• You will need pads for periodic discharge along the incision line. Change pads as needed. Pads can be held in place with your underwear. No tape will be needed. You may resume showering at 48 hours over the incision line.

WOUND CARE

- Wound care is extremely important and can help with healing. Please follow the instructions carefully.
- Do not apply any lotions or ointments without discussing it with Dr. Patel.
- Keep incision clean and dry.
- Shower daily after 48hrs.
- No sexual intercourse x4wks and once cleared by Dr. Patel.
- It is normal if you have some burning with urination initially.

WHAT IS NORMAL

- You will probably experience moderate discomfort for 2 to 3 days after surgery.
- Slight oozing of blood or clear fluid from the incision site over the first 2 days.
- Swelling, which is the body's way of healing, can last for several months; the swelling will likely be worse on day 2 or 3 after surgery and then improve significantly over the next several weeks.
- Take comfort in the fact that the "tight" feeling, numbness, bumps and irregularities, asymmetry are normal after surgery and slowly improve over months.
- The body heals a surgical scar in slow stages. Gradually improving surgical scars and contours can be expected **for up to 1 year after surgery**.

WHAT TO AVOID

- Driving or operating heavy equipment after sedation or while taking prescription pain medication.
- Heavy lifting (greater than 10 pounds) or strenuous activities for 6 weeks.
- Sun exposure; if you must go into the sun, use sunscreen.
- Smoking/tobacco as these slow the healing process.

AFTERCARE ACTIVITY

- You may resume showering 2 days after your surgery date.
- The ONLY exercise for the first 3 weeks is walking.
- You may return to the gym after 4wks doing only one-half of your usual regimen and take 4 weeks to return to your regular regimen. Weight, machines, running, swimming, golf, tennis, yoga, and Pilates after 8 weeks
- For the first 3 weeks lift no more than 10 pounds.
- You may return to sedentary work 1-2 weeks after your surgery, if you are no longer taking narcotic pain medications.
- Please refrain from driving a car until your pain is adequately controlled. This may take several days. Please ensure you are off all narcotic pain medications before resuming driving.

Call Dr. Patel on his cell phone (253)733-7048 if you experience the following:

- Extreme swelling around the surgical area that is very hot, firm, or tense.
- If you have severe or increased pain not relieved by medication.
- If you have any side effects to medication; such as, rash, nausea, headache, vomiting.
- If you have an oral temperature over 101.5 degrees.
- If you have any purulent drainage or notice a foul odor.
- If you have (excessive) bleeding or saturation of the dressing. A small amount of bleeding may appear on the dressing or pad.
- If you have an increase in pain or redness after the first 48 hours.
- If you experience persistent nausea or vomiting.

If you experience a medical emergency and are unable to reach the doctor on call, go to the nearest emergency room.